

Q.

We ran an online experiment to test which intervention will increase medication adherence rates. There was a control group and four treatment groups. The data can be found here: [https://drive.google.com/file/d/14QpNmjCP9Znid\\_-PDP0iSsvhovbd9EW\\_/view?usp=sharing](https://drive.google.com/file/d/14QpNmjCP9Znid_-PDP0iSsvhovbd9EW_/view?usp=sharing)

Then please run appropriate statistical tests to determine which of the treatment interventions (if any) significantly increased the adherence rates. You can make any assumptions you need to run the calculation, but make these clear in your response. Then provide the statistical tables in a shareable google drive folder and provide a link to the relevant document.



# Understanding research design

Between group design having more 5 groups of subjects each being tested by a different testing factor simultaneously.

There are 5 groups. One control, and 4 treatment groups. So ANOVA is used to see the mean difference between more than 2 groups.

# Assumptions

**T1** Educational Support

**T2** Social Support

**T3** Emotional Support

**T4** Healthcare Support

**C** Control, No intervention

# Coding

Value Labels

Value:

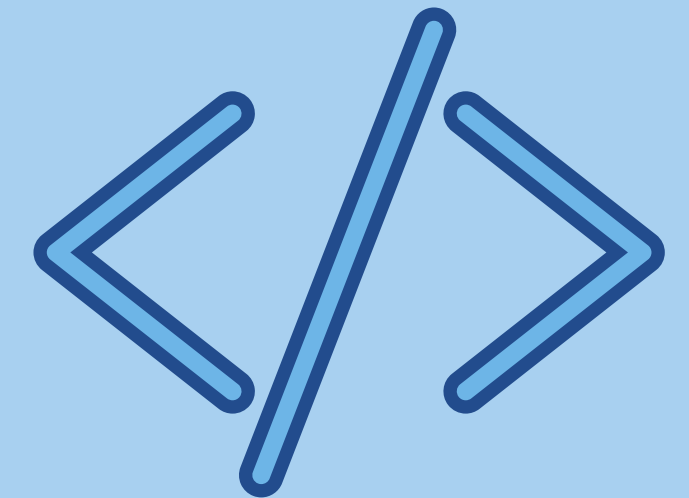
Label:

Add

Change

Remove

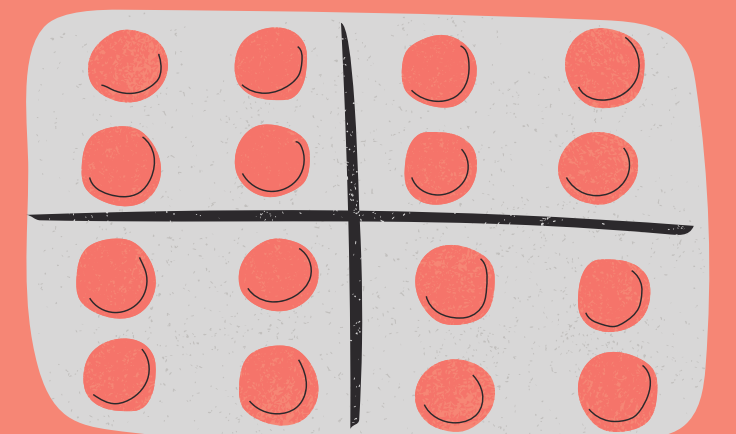
0 = "Control"  
1 = "Educational"  
2 = "Social"  
3 = "Emotional"  
4 = "Healthcare"



# SPSS output

The design employed was a One-way between-subjects ANOVA design. The between-subjects factor, interventions, had four treatments: T1, T2, T3 and T4. These were operationalised by showing some participants the educational support, some were given social support while giving medications, some emotional and some healthcare. One of the dependent variables is the percentage of Adherence rate which is the proportion of pills taken over all round.

Analyze > General Linear Model > Univariate



# Between-Subjects Factors

		Value Label	N
Condition	0	Control	104
	1	Educational	106
	2	Social	97
	3	Emotional	102
	4	Healthcare	100

The factors I analysed, what the levels of that factor are, and the number of participants in each level.

# Descriptive Statistics

Dependent Variable: AdRate

Condition	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
Control	41.2179	25.62301	104
Educational	48.5535	27.44506	106
Social	62.5430	25.35750	97
Emotional	42.1569	24.73466	102
Healthcare	50.0000	27.10912	100
Total	48.7230	27.05843	509

The table gives the mean and the standard deviation (SD) for each level of the factor.

The bottom row gives the total mean and SD; that is, for all participants regardless of which condition they were in.

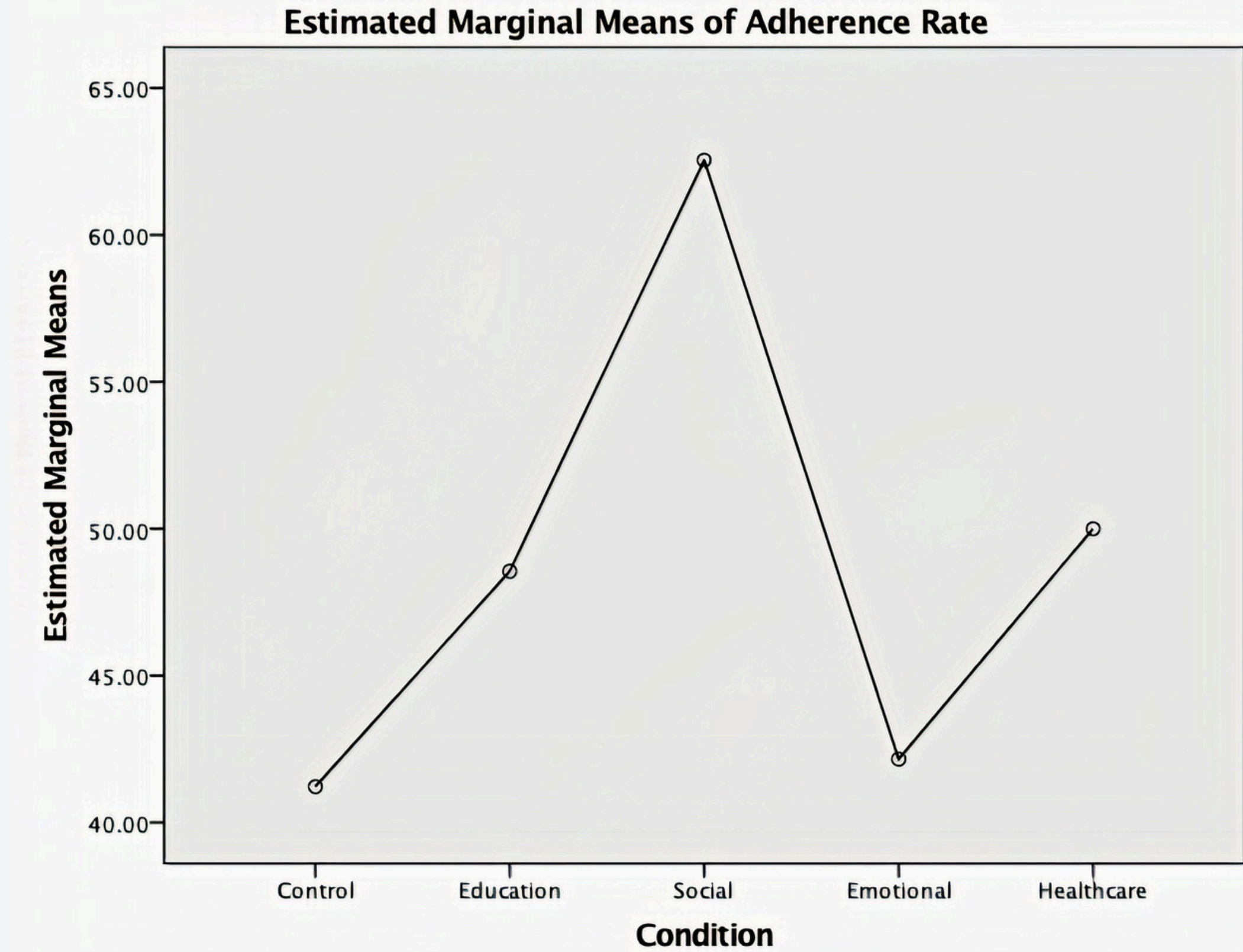
# SPSS output using One-way ANOVA command - Descriptives

AdRate

	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error	95% Confidence Interval for Mean		Minimum	Maximum
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound		
Control	104	41.2179	25.62301	2.51254	36.2349	46.2010	6.67	93.33
Educational	106	48.5535	27.44506	2.66570	43.2679	53.8391	6.67	93.33
Social	97	62.5430	25.35750	2.57466	57.4323	67.6536	6.67	93.33
Emotional	102	42.1569	24.73466	2.44910	37.2985	47.0152	6.67	86.67
Healthcare	100	50.0000	27.10912	2.71091	44.6210	55.3790	6.67	93.33
Total	509	48.7230	27.05843	1.19934	46.3667	51.0793	6.67	93.33



# Graph



# Summary

The Adherence rate for treatment group 3 which was labelled as 'Social support' performed better than any other group. Statistical Test used was One-way between-subject ANOVA (Analysis of Variance) using SPSS.